

## VERBOS MODALES SIMPLES

### Tiempos verbales y sus usos

PRESENT SIMPLE	PAST SIMPLE	CONDITIONAL	FUTURE	PERIPHRAISIS
<p style="text-align: center;"><b><u>CAN: Poder</u></b></p> <p style="text-align: center;"><b>CAN + VERBO</b> <b>CAN'T + VERBO</b> <b>CAN + SUJ + VERBO?</b></p> <p>1. Poder físico para hacer algo: <i>I can jump high</i>                      2. Pedir permiso (<u>informal</u>): <i>Can I go out, please?</i>                      3. Hacer peticiones (<u>informal</u>): <i>Can you open the door, please?</i>                      4. Prohibición: <i>You can't go out tonight</i>                      5. Probabilidad (bastante probable +++++) <i>John can be at home</i></p>	<p style="text-align: center;"><b>COULD + VERBO</b> <b>COULDN'T + VERBO</b> <b>COULD + SUJ + VERBO?</b></p> <p>1. Poder físico para hacer algo en pasado: <i>When I was 4 years old I couldn't swim</i></p>	<p style="text-align: center;"><b>COULD + VERBO</b> <b>COULDN'T + VERBO</b> <b>COULD + SUJ + VERBO?</b></p> <p>1. Pedir permiso (<u>formal</u>): <i>Could I go out, please?</i>                      2. Hacer peticiones (<u>formal</u>): <i>Could you open the door, please?</i>                      3. Probabilidad (menos probable +++): <i>John could be at home</i></p>	<p style="text-align: center;"><del>WILL CAN</del> <b>WILL BE ABLE TO + VERBO</b> <b>WON'T BE ABLE TO + VERBO</b> <b>WILL + SUJ + BE ABLE TO + VERB?</b></p> <p>1. Poder físico para hacer algo en futuro: <i>I won't be able to go out tomorrow</i></p>	<p><b><u>BE ABLE TO</u></b></p>

<p><b><u>MUST: DEBER</u></b></p> <p><b>MUST + VERBO</b>  <b>MUSTN'T + VERBO</b>  <b>MUST + SUJ + VERBO?</b></p> <p>1. Obligación: <i>You must go home</i>  2. Posibilidad (casi certeza +++++): <i>John must be at home</i>  3. Prohibición (en NEGATIVO): <i>You <u>mustn't</u> smoke here</i></p>	<p><b>HAD TO + VERBO</b>  <b>DIDN'T HAVE TO + VERBO</b>  <b>DID + SUJ + HAVE TO + VERBO?</b></p>	<p><b>SHOULD + VERBO</b>  <b>SHOULDN'T + VERBO</b>  <b>SHOULD + SUJ + VERB?</b>  <b>(OUGHT TO en desuso)</b></p> <p>1. Consejo: <i>You should go to the doctor</i></p>	<p><del>WILL MUST</del>  <b>WILL HAVE TO + VERBO</b>  <b>WON'T HAVE TO + VERBO</b>  <b>WILL + SUJ + HAVE TO + VERBO?</b></p>	<p><b><u>HAVE TO</u></b></p>
<p><b><u>MAY: PODER</u></b></p> <p><b>MAY + VERBO</b>  <b>MAY NOT + VERBO</b>  <b>MAY + SUJ + VERBO?</b></p> <p>1. Pedir permiso (<u>muy formal</u>): <i>May I go out, please?</i></p>	<p><b>No se utiliza en este tiempo verbal</b></p>	<p><b>MIGHT + VERBO</b>  <b>MIGHT NOT + VERBO</b>  <b>MIGHT + SUJ + VERBO?</b></p> <p>1. Posibilidad (escasa +): <i>John might be at home (podría ser que estuviese)</i></p>	<p><b>No se utiliza en este tiempo verbal</b></p>	<p><b>No tiene</b>  <b>Sólo se utiliza en esos dos tiempos verbales</b></p>

<p>2. Posibilidad (poca ++): John may be at home (puede que esté)</p>				
<p>No se utiliza en este tiempo verbal</p>	<p>No se utiliza en este tiempo verbal</p>	<p><b>WOULD + SUJ + VERBO?</b> (sólo se utiliza en interrogativa)</p> <p>1. Hacer peticiones (<u>MUY formales</u>): Will you do that for me?</p>	<p><b>WILL + SUJ + VERBO?</b> (sólo se utiliza en interrogativa)</p> <p>1. Hacer peticiones (<u>MUY formales</u>): Would you do that for me?</p>	<p><b>No tiene</b> Sólo se utiliza en esos dos tiempos verbales</p>
<p><b><u>NEED: NECESITAR</u></b></p> <p><b>NEEDN'T + VERBO</b> (Sólo se utiliza en Presente y en negativo)</p> <p>1. Ausencia de obligación: You needn't come tomorrow</p>	<p>No se utiliza en este tiempo verbal</p>	<p>No se utiliza en este tiempo verbal</p>	<p>No se utiliza en este tiempo verbal</p>	<p><b>No tiene</b> Sólo se utiliza en Presente</p>

## VERBOS MODALES PERFECTOS

PRESENT SIMPLE	PAST SIMPLE	CONDITIONAL
<p style="text-align: center;"><u>PODER HABER ...</u>  <b>CAN HAVE + participio</b>  <b>CAN'T HAVE + participio</b>  <b>CAN + SUJ + HAVE + participio</b>                      He can have gone home                      (Él puede haber ido a casa)</p>	<p style="text-align: center;"><u>PUDO HABER...</u>  <b>COULD HAVE + participio</b>  <b>COULDN'T HAVE + participio</b>  <b>COULD + SUJ + HAVE + participio</b>                      It could have been a mistake                      (Pudo haber sido un error)</p>	<p style="text-align: center;"><u>PODRÍA HABER ...</u>  <b>COULD HAVE + participio</b>  <b>COULDN'T HAVE + participio</b>  <b>COULD + SUJ + HAVE + participio</b>                      They could have asked                      (Podrían haber preguntado)</p>
<p style="text-align: center;"><u>DEBE HABER...</u>  <b>MUST HAVE + participio</b>  <b>MUSTN'T HAVE + participio</b>  <b>MUST + SUJ + HAVE + participio</b>                      They must have arrived early</p>	<hr/>	<p style="text-align: center;"><u>DEBERÍA HABER...</u>  <b>SHOULD HAVE + participio</b>  <b>SHOULDN'T HAVE + participio</b>  <b>SHOULD + SUJ + HAVE + participio</b>                      You should have studied harder</p>
<p style="text-align: center;"><u>PUEDE QUE HAYA...</u>  <b>MAY HAVE + participio</b>  <b>MAY NOT + HAVE + participio</b>  <b>MAY + SUJ + HAVE + participio</b>                      She may have missed the bus</p>	<hr/>	<p style="text-align: center;"><u>PODRÍA SER QUE HUBIERA...</u>  <b>MIGHT + HAVE + participio</b>  <b>MIGHT NOT + HAVE + participio</b>  <b>MIGHT + SUJ + HAVE + participio</b>                      We might have taken the wrong road</p>

**Complete the sentences with a MODAL or MODAL PERFECT in affirmative or negative**

1. You ..... (use) this machine. It's forbidden.
2. You ..... (insult) other people
3. The party was great. You ..... (leave) so early.
4. You're very ill, I think you ..... (go) to see the doctor
5. Mozart was a musician. He ..... (write) beautiful music
6. An elephant ..... (fly)
7. She ..... (lie) but instead she told the truth.
8. Kevin looks thrilled. He ..... (pass) his test.
9. My brother is very clever. He ..... (read) when he was three.
10. .... (you/hear) the music last night?
11. We ..... (respect) everybody
12. Susan ..... (ski) because she broke her leg
13. Carol wants to go the beach, I think she ..... (take) a hat
14. It wasn't a good idea to go to bed so late last night. We .....  
(go) to bed so late.

**Rewrite the sentences using MODAL VERBS.**

1. It is important that you get to school on time.  
You
2. I recommend that you drink plenty of water.  
You
3. I think he is a policeman, but he isn't wearing a uniform.  
He
4. Although he tried hard, he wasn't able to pass his university entrance exam.  
He
5. If you want, leave the classroom now.  
You
6. It is possible that James got the job because he left home very early  
James
7. It is not possible that he won the lottery. He never buys a ticket  
He
8. I'm sure that Paula has passed the exam. She is looking so happy.  
Paula

## SOLUCIONES

Complete the sentences with a MODAL or MODAL PERFECT in affirmative or negative

1. You MUSTN'T/CAN'T USE this machine. It's forbidden.
2. You CAN'T/MUSTN'T/SHOULDN'T INSULT other people
3. The party was great. You SHOULDN'T HAVE LEFT so early.
4. You're very ill, I think you SHOULD GO to see the doctor
5. Mozart was a musician. He COULD WRITE beautiful music
6. An elephant CAN'T (fly)
7. She COULD HAVE LIED but instead she told the truth.
8. Kevin looks thrilled. He MUST/CAN HAVE PASSED his test.
9. My brother is very clever. He COULD when he was three.
10. COULD YOU HEAR the music last night?
11. We MUST RESPECT everybody
12. Susan COULDN'T/SHOULDN'T SKI because she broke her leg
13. Carol wants to go the beach, I think she SHOULD TAKE a hat
14. It wasn't a good idea to go to bed so late last night. We SHOULDN'T HAVE GONE to bed so late.

Rewrite the sentences using MODAL VERBS.

1. It is important that you get to school on time.  
You MUST/SHOULD GET TO SCHOOL ON TIME
2. I recommend that you drink plenty of water.  
You SHOULD DRINK PLENTY OF WATER
3. I think he is a policeman, but he isn't wearing a uniform.  
He CAN/COULD/MAY/MIGHT/MUST BE A POLICEMAN...
4. Although he tried hard, he wasn't able to pass his university entrance exam.  
He COULDN'T PASS HIS UNIVERSITY...
5. If you want, leave the classroom now.  
You CAN LEAVE THE CLASSROOM NOW
6. It is possible that James got the job because he left home very early  
James CAN/COULD/MAY/MIGHT/MUST HAVE GOT THE JOB BECAUSE...
7. It is not possible that he won the lottery. He never buys a ticket  
He CAN'T HAVE WON THE LOTTERY BECAUSE HE NEVER...
8. I'm sure that Paula has passed the exam. She is looking so happy.  
Paula CAN/COULD/MAY/MIGHT/MUST HAVE PASSED THE EXAM ....